# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

Product identifier BernzOmatic Lighter Refill / A-46

Other means of identification

SDS number WC054

Recommended use Refilling BernzOmatic lighters

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation
Address 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road

Columbus, OH 43085

United States of America

Email SDSRequest@worthingtonindustries.com

**Telephone** 1-866-928-2657

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (USA)

1-703-527-3887 International

(CCN 24850)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable gases Category 1

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Simple asphyxiant

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace

oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Response Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition

sources if safe to do so.

**Storage** Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Supplemental information None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Isobutane	75-28-5	83
Propane	74-98-6	15
Butane	106-97-8	2

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#### **Composition comments**

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eve contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely. Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

and treat symptomatically.

treatment needed **General information** 

First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

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## 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)				
Components	Туре	Value		
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3		
		1000 ppm		
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values				
Components	Туре	Value		
Rutane (CAS 106-07-8)	STEI	1000 ppm		

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	SIEL	1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components	JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Components Type		
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Follow standard monitoring procedures.

**Exposure guidelines** Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below

1000 ppm

recommended exposure limits.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Face shield is recommended. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear cold insulating gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard

(29 CFR 1910.134).

WARNING! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen deficient atmospheres. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

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Thermal hazards

**General hygiene** considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Gas.

**Form** Compressed liquefied gas.

Color Colorless.

Odor Faint. Gasoline-like. **Odor threshold** Not determined. Not applicable.

-216.76 °F (-138.2 °C) Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling -11.7 °F (-24.28 °C)

range

-76.27 °F (-60.15 °C) Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not determined.

Extremely flammable gas. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.8 % Explosive limit - upper (%) 8.4 %

Vapor pressure 28 psig (Approximate)

Vapor density > 2 (Air = 1)Relative density 0.57 (H2O = 1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) < 0.1 % w/w 70 °F (21.11 °C) Solubility temp. (water)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable for mixtures.

548.33 °F (286.85 °C) **Auto-ignition temperature** 

**Decomposition temperature** Not determined. Not applicable. **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Explosive properties** Not explosive. Kinematic viscosity Not determined. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing. Particle size Not applicable.

Percent volatile 100 %

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidants, nitrites, inorganic chlorides, chlorites and perchlorates

causing fire and explosion hazard.

**Chemical stability** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

oxidizing agents.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates. Incompatible materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hydrocarbons. products

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## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations Inhalation

> that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Eve contact

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Not expected to be acutely toxic. **Acute toxicity** 

Components **Test Results Species** 

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

**Acute** Inhalation Gas

LC50 Rat > 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes

Not classified. Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified. Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin

sensitization Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

**Chronic effects** Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. **Ecotoxicity** 

Persistence and degradability Not relevant, due to the form of the product. Bioaccumulative potential Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 2.89 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) 2.76

Mobility in soil Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

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Other adverse effects

The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have

residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Lighter refills containing flammable gas

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Contaminated packaging

## 14. Transport information

DOT

UN1057 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

**Packing group Environmental hazards** 

> Marine pollutant No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 168 Packaging exceptions 21, 308 Packaging non bulk 21, 308 Packaging bulk None

**IATA** 

**UN number** UN1057

**UN proper shipping name** Transport hazard class(es) Lighter refills containing flammable gas

**Class** 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s) Packing group No **Environmental hazards ERG Code** 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** 

LIGHTER REFILLS containing flammable gas

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No F-D, S-U **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

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## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** 

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories

Gas under pressure Simple asphyxiant

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

## Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

**Safe Drinking Water Act** 

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## **US state regulations**

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

### **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: An incomplete combustion of this product during use can expose you to carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

#### **International Inventories**

New Zealand

**Philippines** 

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

New Zealand Inventory

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 02-April-2017

Revision date 09-September-2022

Version # 02

HMIS® ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 3

NFPA ratings



#### **Disclaimer**

All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

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Yes

Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).