SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel

Other means of identification

SDS number WC001

MAP-Pro™, PRO-Max™ Product code

CAS number 115-07-1

Recommended use Hand Torch Fuel Recommended restrictions None known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation

Address 300 E. Breed St.

Chilton, WI 53014 **United States**

E-mail SDSRequest@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone 1-800-359-9678

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (USA) **Emergency telephone**

1-703-527-3887 International

(CCN 24850)

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards Category 1 Flammable gases

> Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Simple asphyxiants Category 1

Health hazards Health hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace **Hazard statement**

oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition Response

sources if safe to do so.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Disposal

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| Propylene | | 115-07-1 | 99.5 - 100 |

MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel SDS Canada 909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015

Chemical nameCommon name and synonymsCAS number%Propane74-98-60 - 0.5

Composition comments

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015 2 / 8

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

| Material | Туре | Value | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| Canada. Alberta OELs (Oc | cupational Health & Safety Code, Sch | edule 1, Table 2) | |
| Material | Туре | Value | |
| Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) | TWA | 860 mg/m3 | |
| | | 500 ppm | |
| Impurities | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1000 ppm | |
| Canada. British Columbia Safety Regulation 296/97, Material | | for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Value | |
| Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| , | 0.47/0000 71 11/1 1 1 1 0 1 1 | • • | |
| Canada. Manitoba OELs (I Material | Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety A Type | And Health Act) Value | |
| | <u> </u> | *** | |
| Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| Canada. Ontario OELs. (C | ontrol of Exposure to Biological or Ch | emical Agents) | |
| Material | Туре | Value | |
| Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| | linistry of Labor - Regulation respectir | ng occupational health and safety) | |
| Impurities | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Canada. Saskatchewan O | ELs (Occupational Health and Safety F | Regulations, 1996, Table 21) | |
| Impurities | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | 15 minute | 1250 ppm | |
| | 8 hour | 1000 ppm | |
| logical limit values | No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). | | |
| osure guidelines | Follow standard monitoring procedures. | | |
| propriate engineering ontrols Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use proces local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels believe recommended exposure limits. | | | |

MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel

3/8 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eve/face protection Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Face shield is recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear cold insulating gloves.

Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Selection and use of respiratory

protective equipment should be in accordance with CSA Standard Z94.4.

WARNING! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen deficient atmospheres. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Thermal hazards

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practices.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas.

Form Compressed liquefied gas.

Colourless.

Odour Hydrocarbon or mercaptan if odorized.

Odour thresholdNot determined.pHNot applicable.Melting point/freezing point-185 °C (-301 °F)Initial boiling point and boiling-48 °C (-54.4 °F)

range

Boiling point pressure 101.33 kPa

Flash point -107.8 °C (-162.0 °F)
Evaporation rate Not determined.

Lvaporation rate Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Extremely flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 2 % v/v

(%)

11 % v/v

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Vapour pressure109.73 PSIGVapour pressure temp.21 °C (69.8 °F)

Vapour density 1.5 (gas) (Air=1) (0 °C (32 °F))

Relative density 0.52 (liquid) (Water=1) (20 °C (68 °F))

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 384 mg/l - Slightly soluble in water.

Partition coefficient 1.77

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 497.22 °C (927 °F)

Decomposition temperature Not determined.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

Molecular formulaC3-H6Molecular weight42 g/molOxidising propertiesNot oxidising.

MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel

SDS Canada

909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015

Particle size Not applicable.

100 % Percent volatile

Surface tension 16.7 mN/m (90 °C (194 °F))

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidants, nitrites, inorganic chlorides, chlorites and perchlorates

causing fire and explosion hazard.

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hydrocarbons.

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations

> that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Eye contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Ingestion This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

> 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Toxicological data

Impurities Species Test Results

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute Inhalation Gas

LC50 Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified.

Serious eve damage/eve irritation

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Simple asphyxiant

Not classified.

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Simple asphyxiant.

Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Asphyxiant

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Simple asphyxiant.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Asphyxiant

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Simple asphyxiant.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Asphyxiant

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) Simple asphyxiant.

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation. Skin sensitisation

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015 Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ACGIH Carcinogens

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability Not relevant, due to the form of the product. Not relevant, due to the form of the product. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) 1.77

Mobility in soil Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have

> residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Local disposal regulations

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1077

UN proper shipping name PROPYLENE

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards** Nο

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1077 Propylene **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s) Packing group **Environmental hazards** No **ERG Code** 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 10-March-2021 Issue date: 25-November-2015 6/8

IMDG

UN1077 **UN** number **PROPYLENE UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk **Packing group Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No **EmS** F-D. S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

the IBC Code

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |

SDS Canada

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 25-November-2015 **Revision date** 10-March-2021

Version No. 02

Disclaimer All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no

guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.

MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel SDS Canada Issue date: 25-November-2015